

Assignment: 3

1. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & |x| \leq \pi \\ 0, & |x| > \pi \end{cases}$.

Solution:

We know that,

$$\begin{aligned} F[f(x)] &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos x e^{isx} dx \left[\because f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & -\pi < x < \pi \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos x [\cos sx + i \sin sx] dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos sx \cos x dx + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos x \sin sx dx \\ &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^{\pi} \cos sx \cos x dx + 0 \end{aligned}$$

since, $\cos sx \cos x$ is an even function
 $\sin sx \sin x$ is an odd function.

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^{\pi} \left[\frac{\cos(s+1)x + \cos(s-1)x}{2} \right] dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{\sin(s+1)x}{s+1} + \frac{\sin(s-1)x}{s-1} \right]_0^{\pi} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{\sin(s+1)\pi}{s+1} + \frac{\sin(s-1)\pi}{s-1} - (0+0) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{\sin(s\pi + \pi)}{s+1} + \frac{\sin(s\pi - \pi)}{s-1} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{-\sin(\pi + s\pi)}{s+1} - \frac{\sin(\pi - s\pi)}{s-1} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Assignment-3

2) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = |x| e^{-|x|}$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

Solution

$$f(x) = |x| e^{-|x|}$$

$$F\{f(x)\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x| e^{-|x|} e^{isx} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[-\int_{-\infty}^0 x e^x e^{isx} dx + \int_0^{\infty} x e^{-x} e^{isx} dx \right]$$

$$F\{f(x)\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[-\int_{-\infty}^0 x e^{(1+is)x} dx + \int_0^{\infty} x e^{-(1-is)x} dx \right]$$

$$u = x$$

$$u' = 1$$

$$u'' = 0$$

$$dv = e^{(1+is)x}$$

$$v_1 = \frac{e^{(1+is)x}}{(1+is)}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{e^{(1+is)x}}{(1+is)^2}$$

$$u = x$$

$$u' = 1$$

$$u'' = 0$$

$$v = e^{-(1-is)x}$$

$$v_1 = \frac{e^{-(1-is)x}}{-(1-is)}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{e^{-(1-is)x}}{(1-is)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[-\left(x \frac{e^{(1+is)x}}{(1+is)} - \frac{e^{(1+is)x}}{(1+is)^2} \right) \Big|_{-\infty}^0 + \left(-x \frac{e^{-(1-is)x}}{(1-is)} - \frac{e^{-(1-is)x}}{(1-is)^2} \right) \Big|_0^{\infty} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[(0 - \frac{1}{(1+is)^2}) - (0+0) + (0+0) - (0 + \frac{1}{(1-is)^2}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(\frac{1}{(1+is)^2} + \frac{1}{(1-is)^2} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{(1-is)^2 + (1+is)^2}{(1+is)^2(1-is)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{2-2s^2}{1+2s^2+s^4} \right] = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(\frac{1-s^2}{1+2s^2+s^4} \right)$$

Assignment-3

Q.No:3 Use Fourier Integral formula for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases} \text{ to find the value of the}$$

$$\text{Integral } \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x \cos xt}{x} dx.$$

Sol: We know that, $F[f(x)] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{isx} dx.$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1}^1 (1) e^{isx} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1}^1 (\cos sx + i \sin sx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1}^1 \cos sx dx + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1}^1 \sin sx dx.$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^1 \cos sx dx \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} \because \sin sx - \text{odd fn} \\ \cos sx - \text{even fn} \end{array} \right]$$

$$F[f(x)] = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[\frac{\sin sx}{s} \right]_0^1 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(\frac{\sin s}{s} \right).$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F[f(x)] e^{-isx} ds$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(\frac{\sin s}{s} \right) (\cos sx - i \sin sx) ds.$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin s}{s} \cos sx ds - \frac{i}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin s}{s} \sin sx ds$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin s}{s} \cos sx ds$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \because \frac{\sin s}{s} \cos sx - \\ \text{even fn} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin s \cos sx}{s} ds.$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \frac{\sin s}{s} \sin sx - \text{odd fn} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin s \cos sx}{s} ds = \frac{\pi}{2} f(x).$$

Replace $s = x$, $x = t$, we get

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x \cos xt}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} f(t)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2}, & |t| < 1 \\ 0, & |t| > 1. \end{cases}$$

Assignment 3

A) By Fourier Cosine integral,

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \int_0^{\infty} f(t) \cos \lambda t dt d\lambda$$

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} \sin t & , 0 < t < \pi \\ 0 & , t > \pi \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\pi}{2} \sin t \cos \lambda t dt d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \int_0^{\pi} \sin t \cos \lambda t dt d\lambda$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \int_0^{\pi} \sin t \cos \lambda t dt d\lambda$$

$$\sin A \cos B = \frac{\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)}{2}$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \int_0^{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(1+\lambda)t + \sin(1-\lambda)t}{2} \right] dt d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} \sin(1+\lambda)t + \sin(1-\lambda)t dt \right\} d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left[-\frac{\cos(1+\lambda)t}{1+\lambda} + \frac{\cos(1-\lambda)t}{1-\lambda} \right]_0^{\pi} d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left[-\frac{\cos(1+\lambda)\pi}{1+\lambda} + \frac{\cos(1-\lambda)\pi}{1-\lambda} \right] d\lambda$$

$$\left[-\frac{1}{1+\lambda} + \frac{1}{1-\lambda} \right] d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left\{ \frac{(\cos \pi \cos \lambda \pi - \sin \pi \sin \lambda \pi)}{1 + \lambda} + \frac{(\cos \pi \cos \lambda \pi + \sin \pi \sin \lambda \pi)}{1 - \lambda} \right\} - \left\{ \frac{-1}{1 + \lambda} + \frac{1}{1 - \lambda} \right\} d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left[\frac{-(-1) \cos \lambda \pi}{1 + \lambda} + 0 + \frac{(-1) \cos \lambda \pi}{1 - \lambda} + 0 \right]$$

$$- \left\{ \frac{-(-1 - \lambda) + (1 + \lambda)}{1 - \lambda^2} \right\} d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left[\frac{\cos \lambda \pi}{1 + \lambda} + \frac{\cos \lambda \pi}{1 - \lambda} \right] - \left[\frac{-1 + \lambda + 1 + \lambda}{1 - \lambda^2} \right] d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \frac{(1 - \lambda) \cos \lambda \pi + (1 + \lambda) \cos \lambda \pi}{1 - \lambda^2} - \left(\frac{-2}{1 - \lambda^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left(\frac{\cos \lambda \pi - \lambda \cos \lambda \pi + \cos \lambda \pi + \lambda \cos \lambda \pi}{1 - \lambda^2} \right) + \frac{2}{1 - \lambda^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \cos \lambda x \left[\frac{2 \cos \lambda \pi + 2}{1 - \lambda^2} \right] d\lambda$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \lambda x (1 + \cos \pi \lambda)}{1 - \lambda^2} d\lambda$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \lambda x (1 + \cos \pi \lambda)}{1 - \lambda^2} d\lambda$$

Assignment - 3

5) Find the inverse Fourier transform of the function

$$f(\xi) = \begin{cases} 2 - |\xi|, & |\xi| \leq 2 \\ 0, & |\xi| > 2 \end{cases} \text{ and evaluate the integral } \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} dx.$$

Solution Fourier Transform

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\xi) e^{is\xi} d\xi$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-2}^2 (2 - |\xi|) (\cos s\xi + i \sin s\xi) d\xi$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^2 (2 - \xi) \cos s\xi d\xi$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[(2 - \xi) \left(\frac{\sin s\xi}{s} \right) - (-1) \left(-\frac{\cos s\xi}{s^2} \right) \right]_0^2$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\left(\frac{\sin 2s}{s} - \frac{\cos 2s}{s^2} \right) - \left(0 - \frac{1}{s^2} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(\frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{\cos 2s}{s^2} \right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2s}{s^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(\frac{2 \sin^2 s}{s^2} \right)$$

$$\boxed{F(s) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{\sin^2 s}{s^2}}$$

Inverse Fourier Transform,

$$f(\xi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(s) (e^{-is\xi}) ds$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \sin^2 s \right) (\cos s\xi - i \sin s\xi) ds$$

$$= \frac{4}{2\pi} \times 2 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 s}{s^2} \cos s\xi ds$$

put $\frac{1}{2} = 0$ in above equation, we get

$$2 - 0 = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin^2 s}{s^2} ds$$

$$2 \times \frac{\pi}{4} = \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin^2 s}{s^2} ds$$

$$\text{i.e. } \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin^2 s}{s^2} ds = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

($\because s$ is a dummy variable)